REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

An embodiment of the present invention relates to:

"A process for depositing, on a substrate, a coating comprising semiconductor material comprising a metal oxide, wherein the metal oxide initiates, under radiation of a suitable wavelength, one or more radical reactions causing oxidation of organic substances and thereby said coating has photocatalytic properties, the process comprising:

depositing the coating having photocatalytic properties by chemical vapor deposition, wherein the reaction and the deposition are carried out at an atmospheric pressure and the deposition is carried out at a temperature below 300°C under an atmosphere comprising a gas mixture that comprises at least one of an organometallic precursor and a metal halide of said metal oxide, the deposition being enhanced by a plasma source" as in amended Claim 1.

The rejection of Claims 1, 9-10 and 29 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Browall et al (US 6,290,180) is traversed.

<u>Browall</u> discloses an optical solar reflector. However, <u>Browall</u> does not disclose or suggest all the limitation as in amended Claim 1.

In detail, <u>Browall</u> does not disclose or suggest depositing the coating having photocatalytic properties by chemical vapor deposition, wherein 1) the reaction and the deposition are carried out at an atmospheric pressure and 2) the deposition is carried out at a temperature below 300°C. In fact, <u>Browall</u> discloses reacting a transition metal oxide with UV radiation <u>under vacuum conditions</u> (see <u>Browall</u>, Example 1, Col.4, lines, 8-13, Example 2, Col.4, lines 43-48, and Example 3, Col. 5, lines 1-5). Furthermore, <u>Browall</u> discloses that "[T]he results revealed that WO₃ is photocatalytically effective in preventing and/or removing organics <u>under vacuum conditions</u>" (see <u>Browall</u>, Example 2, Col. 4, lines 61-63, emphasis added). Thus, in light of teachings by <u>Browall</u>, one of ordinary skill in the art would

not have foreseen the process as in amended Claim 1, particularly wherein the deposition is carried out under an atmospheric pressure.

Therefore, <u>Browall</u> cannot render anticipated or obvious amended Claim 1 and the dependent claims therefrom.

Withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The rejection of Claims 1, 3, 7-8, 10 and 29 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Boire et al (US 6,103363) is traversed.

Boire does not disclose or suggest depositing the coating having photocatalytic properties by chemical vapor deposition, wherein 1) the reaction and the deposition are carried out at an atmospheric pressure and 2) the deposition is carried out at a temperature below 300°C under an atmosphere comprising a gas mixture that comprises at least one of an organometallic precursor and a metal halide of said metal oxide, the deposition being enhanced by a plasma source.

Particularly, <u>Boire</u> discloses depositing TiO₂ on a substrate at a temperature of 400 to 500°C, emphasizing that "[T]hus, during depostion of TiO₂ by CVD, a crystalline SnO₂:F sublayer promotes the growth of TiO₂ mostly in the rutile form, in particular for deposition temperatures of the order of 400° to 500° C" (see <u>Boire</u>, Col. 6, lines 20-30). Thus, in light of teachings by <u>Boire</u>, one of ordinary skill in the art would not have foreseen the process as in amended Claim 1, particularly wherein the deposition is carried out at a temperature below 300°C.

Therefore, <u>Boire</u> cannot make anticipated or obvious amended Claim 1 and the dependent claims therefrom.

Withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The rejection 1-5, 7-9 and 29-30 are rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Iacovangelo et al (US 6,890,656) is traversed.

<u>Iacovanelo</u> discloses a structure having a substrate and a titanium oxide layer. However, <u>Iacovanelo</u> does not disclose or suggest depositing the coating having photocatalytic properties by chemical vapor deposition, wherein 1) the reaction and the deposition are carried out at an atmospheric pressure and 2) the deposition is carried out at a temperature below 300°C under an atmosphere comprising a gas mixture that comprises at least one of an organometallic precursor and a metal halide of said metal oxide, the deposition being enhanced by a plasma source.

Particularly, <u>Iacovanelo</u> teaches deposition of TiO₂ carried out under a very low pressure by disclosing that "[A]ll deposition and etching was done at a pressure of 45 mT…" (see <u>Iacovanelo</u>, Col. 7, lines 60-63) where 45 milliTorr is equivalent to 5.9×10^{-5} atmospheric pressure. Thus, in light of teachings by <u>Iacovanelo</u>, one of ordinary skill in the art would not have foreseen the process as in amended Claim 1, particularly wherein the deposition is carried out under an atmospheric pressure.

Therefore, <u>Iacovanelo</u> cannot render anticipated or obvious amended Claim 1 and the dependent claims therefrom.

Withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The rejection of Claims 2-8 and 30 under U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Browall in view of <u>Iacovangelo</u> is traversed.

The secondary reference to <u>Iacovangelo</u> can not cure the deficiencies of <u>Browall</u> because as discussed above, neither <u>Browall</u> nor <u>Iacovangelo</u> disclose or suggest the process as in amended Claim 1, particularly wherein the deposition is carried out under an atmospheric pressure.

Withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The rejection of Claims 2, 4-6, 9 and 30 under U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Boire in view of <u>Iacovangelo</u> is traversed.

As discussed above, Boire does not disclose or suggest the process as in amended

Claim 1, particularly wherein the reaction and the deposition are carried out at an

atmospheric pressure. <u>Iacovangelo</u> discloses deposition of TiO₂ carried out under a very low

pressure of 45 mT. Thus, in light of teachings by Boire in combination with <u>Iacovangelo</u>, one

of ordinary skill in art would not have foreseen the process as in amended Claim 1,

particularly, wherein the deposition is carried out under an atmospheric pressure.

Therefore, Boire in combination with <u>Iacovangelo</u> cannot render obvious amended

Claim 1 and the dependent claims therefrom.

Withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully requested.

The rejection of Claims 1-10 and 29-30 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph is

believed to be obviated by the present Amendment.

Consequently, in view of the present amendment, no further issues are believed to be

outstanding in the present application, and the present application is believed to be in

condition for formal allowance. An early and favorable action is therefore respectfully

requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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